

March 14, 2005

DECLARATION

The undersigned, Dana Scruggs, having an office at 8902B Otis Avenue, Suite 204B, Indianapolis, Indiana 46216, hereby states that she is well acquainted with both the English and German languages and that the attached is a true translation to the best of her knowledge and ability of PCT/DE 2004/001519 (INV.: WETZEL, G., ET AL), entitled "Control Unit and Method for Manufacturing the Same".

The undersigned further declares that the above statement is true; and further, that this statement was made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or document or any patent resulting therefrom.



Dana Scruggs

Background Information

The present invention relates to a control unit, for automotive applications in particular, according to the definition of the species in Claim 1, and a method for manufacturing the control unit.

In automotive applications in particular, control units are subjected to strong mechanical loads due to vibratory stresses.

Control units are used in automotive applications for transmission-shift control, for example. A control unit according to the related art is described below with reference to Figures 1 and 2. Figure 1 shows an underside view of a conventional control unit, and Figure 2 shows a lateral cross-sectional view of the conventional control unit along the line A-A in Figure 1.

Control unit 1 contains, for example, a hybrid control unit 2, sensors and at least one plug-in connector for connection to a vehicle wiring harness and/or a transmission connector. The electrical connection between hybrid control unit 2, the sensors and the transmission connector is established via a pressed screen 3. Control unit 1 includes a cover 4 designed to ensure that control unit 1 is closed. Furthermore, the electronic circuit is provided on hybrid control unit 2 in the housing. Glass-enclosed pins 5 are located on the underside of control unit 1 to establish electrical contact between the electronic circuit and pressed screen 3, the pins being mounted on a pin strip 6. The electrical contact of the circuit carrier with glass-enclosed pins 5 is established via bonding, and glass-enclosed pins 5 are contacted with pressed screen 3 using laser welding.

Control unit housings are used in various applications, e.g., in ABS systems, in the case of which the conductive tracks are injected in a plastic housing in which

1 the electronic circuit is located, to establish contact with the circuit. The housing
2 is closed with a cover 4 in a conventional manner, the cover being either bonded
3 to the carrier of the control unit or cast therein.

4
5 A disadvantage of the known procedure described above is the fact that the
6 conductive tracks injected in the plastic cannot be sealed completely.

7
8 Various proposals for improving the seal between the conductive tracks and the
9 plastic are found in the related art. For example, the conductive tracks are
10 pressed into the plastic in the form of pins, whereby the pins must have an
11 exactly defined, highly precise shape.

12
13 According to a further proposal, each conductive track is enclosed in a plastic
14 material that is designed to perform the sealing function.

15
16 Both means of achieving the object of the inventions have the disadvantage,
17 however, that they can be realized technically and are economically practical
18 only when a few connecting lines and/or conductive tracks are required and the
19 distances between the connections and/or conductive tracks are relatively great.

20 21 Advantages of the Invention

22
23 Compared to the known means of achieving the object of the inventions, the
24 control unit according to the present invention having the features of Claim 1, and
25 the corresponding procedure for manufacturing the same, according to Claim 8,
26 have the advantage that a control unit is created that is completely hermetically
27 sealed while ensuring that the circuit located in the housing is contacted to the
28 outside in a simple manner, whereby a large number of contacts can be easily
29 provided.

30

1 Furthermore, the contacts can have a small grid pattern, which reduces the
2 amount of installation space required, and they can be located relatively at
3 random. In addition, the control unit according to the present invention can be
4 manufactured in a simple and, therefore, economical manner.

5
6 According to the idea on which the present invention is based, a sealing gel is
7 provided in a recess in the frame of the control unit, the sealing gel having a
8 viscosity such that it can flow around the electrical conductive tracks that pass
9 through the recess and around a shaped section of a cover that is inserted in the
10 recess.

11
12 It is therefore ensured by way of a single seal that each conductive track is
13 sealed individually and a seal is provided between the base plate and the cover
14 of the control unit. The geometric configuration of the individual conductive tracks
15 is inconsequential, so that when a pressed screen is used for the conductive
16 tracks, for example, folds, constrictions, etc. on the punched edges do not affect
17 the sealing behavior. Furthermore, no particular geometric accuracy of the
18 conductive tracks and/or the grid pattern between the conductive tracks is
19 required. Simple, economical manufacture is therefore possible.

20
21 Since the conductive tracks can be present in any number and in any pattern of
22 distribution on and/or in the housing frame, it is easier to adapt to the
23 requirements of the circuit layout and/or the surrounding structural conditions.

24
25 In addition to the circuit carrier, further electronic components can be provided in
26 the housing and contacted with the circuit carrier and/or to the outside.

27 Expensive installation space in the control unit and/or on the circuit carrier can
28 therefore be spared. Components that cannot be located on the circuit carrier, for
29 example, such as large capacitors or components having high electromagnetic
30 radiation or power loss, can still be contacted with the circuit carrier in a simple
31 manner.

Advantageous further developments and improvements of the control unit described in Claim 1 and of the method for manufacturing the same described in Claim 8 are provided in the subclaims.

According to a preferred further development, the sealing gel is designed as silicone gel that retains its elastic properties after a possible hardening procedure.

According to another preferred further development, the shaped section on the cover includes at least one receiving area for receiving a certain amount of the sealing gel when the control unit is in a pressed-in state. When force is applied, the sealing gel can therefore enter the receiving area of the shaped section and ensure a better seal.

The recess in the frame is preferably configured as a circumferential groove. Accordingly, the shaped section of the cover is preferably configured as the spring associated with the groove, the spring also having a circumferential configuration.

The cover is preferably joinable with the frame using laser welding, a snap-in connection, a shaped spring device or the like. The preferred connecting means can be selected in accordance with the application of the control unit and/or the site of application of the control unit.

The base plate is composed, particularly advantageously, of a material having good thermal conductivity, e.g., metal. Good heat dissipation to a cooling surface connected with the base plate is therefore ensured.

The conductive tracks are configured as pressed-screen conductive tracks or as flexible-foil conductive tracks in particular. Another configuration of the

conductive track is also feasible, however, since the viscous sealing gel can flow around any geometric shape.

According to another preferred further development, the control unit is pressed onto the associated surface by way of a spring device. This surface can be the carrier surface of a transmission housing or a cooling surface having a different configuration. This application of force creates hydrostatic pressure in the sealing gel, which markedly improves the sealing property. Furthermore, the entire structure of the control unit is held together by the action of force.

Drawing

Exemplary embodiments of the present invention are shown in the drawing and are described in greater detail in the description below.

Figure 1 shows an underside view of a control unit according to the related art;

Figure 2 shows a lateral cross-sectional view of the control unit in Figure 1 along the line A-A;

Figure 3 shows a top view of a control unit according to a first exemplary embodiment of the present invention with the cover removed;

Figure 4 shows a section of a lateral cross-sectional view of a control unit according to a second exemplary embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 5 shows a section of a lateral cross-sectional view of a control unit according to a third exemplary embodiment of the present invention;

- 1 Figure 6 shows a section of a lateral cross-sectional view of a control unit
2 according to a fourth exemplary embodiment of the present
3 invention;
4
5 Figure 7 shows a perspective view of the shaped spring device in Figure 6;
6
7 Figure 8 shows a section of a lateral cross-sectional view of a control unit
8 according to a fifth exemplary embodiment of the present invention
9 in a first state;
10
11 Figure 9 shows a section of a lateral cross-sectional view of a control unit
12 according to a fifth exemplary embodiment of the present invention
13 in a second state;
14
15 Figure 10 shows a section of a lateral cross-sectional view of a control unit
16 according to a sixth exemplary embodiment of the present
17 invention;
18
19 Figure 11 shows a top view of a control unit according to a seventh exemplary
20 embodiment of the present invention with the cover removed; and
21
22 Figure 12 shows a top view of a control unit according to an eighth exemplary
23 embodiment of the present invention with the cover removed.
24
25 Detailed Description of the Exemplary Embodiments
26
27 In the figures, the same reference numerals are used to label components that
28 are the same or that perform the same function.
29
30 Figure 3 shows a top view of a control unit 1 with the cover removed according to
31 a first exemplary embodiment of the present invention. Control unit 1 includes a

frame 8 that is preferably made of plastic and includes a circumferential groove 9.

Conductive tracks 10 are preferably injected into plastic frame 8 and extend through groove 9. Conductive tracks 10 can be configured as pressed-screen conductive tracks or as flexible-foil conductive tracks.

Control unit 1 further includes a base plate 11 that is preferably made of a material with good heat-conducting properties. Base plate 11 can be made of metal, for example. A circuit carrier 12, e.g., an LTCC or a hybrid, is located on base plate 11, the circuit carrier being equipped with electronic components 13. Circuit carrier 12 is contacted electrically with conductive tracks 10 preferably via a bond connection 14.

Control unit 1 is furthermore closed with a cover (not shown in Figure 3), whereby a sealing gel is filled between the cover, frame 8 and base plate 11. This is described in greater detail below in the description of the further figures.

Figure 4 shows a partial section of a lateral cross-sectional view of a control unit 1 according to a second exemplary embodiment of the present invention. As shown in Figure 4, conductive tracks 10 extend through circumferential groove 9 provided in frame 8. A sealing gel 16, which will be described in detail below, is filled into groove 9. Cover 4 includes a spring and/or shaped section 40 associated with groove 9, the spring and/or shaped section also preferably having a circumferential configuration. Shaped section 40 is configured as a spring such that it is insertable in associated groove 9 in a form-locked manner when cover 4 is placed on frame 8. For example, shaped section 40 of cover 4 has a shape on its free end that corresponds to two sealing lips; this provides additional protection against sealing gel 16 seeping between frame 8 and cover 4.

The individual method steps for manufacturing control unit 1 are explained below as examples. First, base plate 11 is pressed and/or glued into frame 8.

Circuit carrier 12 is then glued to base plate 11, and electronic components (not shown) are mounted on it. Electronic components can also be applied before circuit carrier 12 is mounted on base plate 11.

Contact is then established between circuit carrier 12 and conductive tracks 10, whereby a bond connection 14 is preferably used for a contact of this type.

A sealing gel 16 is then poured into circumferential groove 9 of frame 8, whereby sealing gel 16 has a viscosity such that sealing gel 16 flows around conductive tracks 10 that extend through groove 9. Sealing gel 16 is preferably made of a material that retains its elastic properties after a possible hardening procedure. Sealing gel 16 is composed of silicone, for example.

Cover 4, which is also preferably a plastic injection-molded part, is then inserted into groove 9 of frame 8 via its shaped section 40 and is preferably acted upon with a predetermined amount of force F in the direction of the arrow shown in Figure 4 such that hydrostatic pressure builds in the sealing gel, which is the pressure required to seal the arrangement.

A plurality of variations is imaginable for applying force F to cover 4. According to the second exemplary embodiment of the present invention, as shown in Figure 4, cover 4 can be joined with frame 8 using a laser-welded joint 17. For this purpose, cover 4 includes an edge section 41, the inner surface of which bears against an exterior surface of frame 8 and is the preferred welding location.

Figure 5 shows a section of a lateral cross-sectional view of a control unit 1 according to a third exemplary embodiment of the present invention. Edge section 41 of cover 4 includes lock-in projections 42 that can preferably engage

1 in multiple stacked notches 80 in the surface of frame 8 associated with edge
2 section 41.

3
4 Figure 6 shows a partial section of a lateral cross-sectional view of a control unit
5 1 according to a fourth exemplary embodiment of the present invention. Force F
6 is applied by a shaped spring device 18 that is configured, for example, as shown
7 in Figure 8 in a perspective view. Shaped spring device 18 is composed
8 preferably of metal and is pretensioned in the direction of the longitudinal axis of
9 shaped spring device 18. Shaped spring device 18 includes a pair of shorter
10 snap-in hooks 180 and a pair of longer snap-in hooks 181. In the installed state,
11 shorter snap-in hooks 180, for example, are engaged with a projection 110 on
12 base plate 11, and longer snap-in hooks 181 bear against the top surface of
13 cover 4. As a result, cover 4 is pressed by metallic shaped spring device 18 in
14 the direction of base plate 11 with a predetermined amount of force F. The shape
15 required for lateral fixation of shaped spring device 18 on base plate 11 is
16 advantageously created by extruding base plate 11.

17
18 Figures 8 and 9 show a partial section of a lateral cross-sectional view of a
19 control device 1 according to a fifth exemplary embodiment of the present
20 invention in a first and second state.

21
22 In Figure 8, shaped section 40 and/or spring 40 of cover 4 is inserted in groove 9
23 such that the front side of shaped section 40 comes in contact with sealing gel
24 16. According to this exemplary embodiment, shaped section 40 includes at least
25 one receiving region 43 that is preferably configured as a circumferential material
26 recess, by way of which hydrostatic pressure is created in sealing gel 16 when
27 force F is applied to cover 4 in the direction of the arrow in Figure 9 and a portion
28 of sealing gel 16 is pressed into the volume formed by recesses 43, as shown in
29 Figure 9. An improved seal of the arrangement can be achieved as a result.

30

Figure 10 shows a lateral cross-sectional view of control unit 1 according to a sixth exemplary embodiment of the present invention. Since control unit 1 is designed to be used in an automatic transmission for automotive applications—in which extremely high operating temperatures exist—contact cooling for control unit 1 is advantageous. For this reason, control unit 1 with the preferably metallic base plate 11 can be mounted on a cooling surface 19 in a transmission housing, for example. A spring device 20 is provided to apply the contact pressure, the spring device pressing cover 4 onto base plate 11, by way of which sealing gel 16 is located in the flow of force of spring device 20. Furthermore, a complex manner of affixing base plate 11 in frame 8 can also be eliminated as a result.

Figure 11 shows a top view of a control unit 1 according to a seventh exemplary embodiment of the present invention, without the cover in place. It is clear that control unit 1 can have any shape that is advantageous to enable the necessary electronic components and circuits to be placed in the interior region. The cover and its associated shaped section are shaped in accordance with the particular groove such that a form-locked insertion of the cover into groove 9 is ensured.

Furthermore, by way of a certain spacial configuration of control unit 1, it is possible to house further electronic components 15 in addition to the circuit carrier in the housing, as shown in Figure 11, and to contact them with the circuit carrier or toward the outside. An additional advantage can be obtained as a result, since expensive surface area on the circuit carrier can be spared and components can be used that cannot be built on the circuit carrier due to their dimensions or their excessive electromagnetic radiation and/or power losses.

Figure 12 shows a top view of a control unit 1 with the cover removed, according to an eighth exemplary embodiment of the present invention. It is obvious to one skilled in the art that conductive tracks 10 can be located on only one side or on a plurality of sides of frame 8, in accordance with the particular application.

1 Although the present invention was described above with reference to preferred
2 exemplary embodiments, it is not limited to them and, instead, can be modified in
3 a diverse manner.

4
5 The present invention therefore creates a control unit and a method for
6 manufacturing the same, the method providing a hermetic seal for the interior
7 space in which the circuit carriers and associated electronic components are
8 located. The control unit is configured such that individualized sealing is ensured
9 for each conductive track and a seal against the base plate and cover is ensured
10 by way of a single seal, namely via the sealing gel. As a result, the exact
11 geometric configuration of the individual conductive tracks is inconsequential,
12 i.e., folds, constrictions, etc. on the punched edges are not significant, since the
13 sealing gel, with its predetermined viscosity, flows around the conductive tracks
14 having any shape. Simple, economical manufacture of a hermetically sealed
15 control unit is therefore possible.

16
17 The number and distribution of the individual conductive tracks on the housing
18 frame can therefore be configured in any possible manner, enabling easy
19 adaptation to the specification of the circuit layout and/or surrounding structural
20 conditions.